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Social Security: The Important Questions

By Elaine Floyd, CFP®

Those "How much do you know about Social Security?" quizzes you see online are fun and interesting, but the bigger questions you should be asking are those that can help you get the most out of the program.

DO YOU KNOW HOW MUCH SOCIAL SECURITY YOU STAND TO RECEIVE OVER YOUR LIFETIME?

People in their early 60s who are thinking about when to start Social Security tend to focus on the here and now. They understand that if they wait until 70 to claim Social Security they'll get a higher monthly benefit, but it may not seem enough higher to justify giving up all those checks between ages 62 and 70.

The better way to think about Social Security is in terms of lifetime benefits over both spouses' respective life expectancies. When we run claiming scenarios using our Savvy Social Security Planning Calculators for Bob and Betty, our hypothetical couple with PIAs of \$3,000 and \$1,800 and life expectancies of 85 and 95, respectively, lifetime benefits could range from \$1.7 million to \$2.4 million depending on when they claim. Most people have no idea they stand to

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receive this much Social Security over their lifetime or that there would be such a disparity in total benefits between early and later claiming.

DO YOU KNOW HOW YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFIT WILL BE AFFECTED IF YOU STOP WORKING IN YOUR 50S—OR IF YOU KEEP WORKING INTO YOUR 70S?

Many people still don't understand the connection between earnings and benefits. They look at their Social Security statement and think the amount shown for a claim at FRA or age 70 is the amount they'll get, even if they stop working at, say, 55 or 58. Not true. Those estimates presume continued earnings at the same rate until claiming age. If you stop working early, your benefit will be lower than the amount shown on your statement. Conversely, if you keep working into your 70s, your benefit may increase. SSA continues to record your earnings and if a new year of higher earnings replaces an older year of lower earnings on your 35-year earnings record, your benefit will be adjusted upward. This usually takes place in October with the benefit bump retroactive to January.

DO YOU KNOW HOW MUCH SOCIAL SECURITY YOUR SPOUSE STANDS TO RECEIVE IF YOU PASS AWAY?

Many people understand that Social Security pays benefits to surviving spouses, but they are not sure how it works, or if there's anything they can do now to maximize that benefit. The important thing to know here is that if you are the higher-earning spouse, you can maximize your surviving spouse's future benefit by claiming your own benefit at 70. It's like a free life insurance policy which you can increase in value by simply waiting until age 70 to claim. In the case of Bob and Betty, if Bob dies at age 85, Betty's monthly survivor benefit would be \$3,535 if Bob had claimed at 62, versus \$6,103 if he had claimed at 70. What if your spouse dies first? Then you will have maximized your benefit for yourself. Either way, by having the higherearning spouse claim at 70, as a couple you will have maximized the higher benefit over the lifetime of the longer-lived spouse.

FOR YOUNG WIDOWS: DO YOU KNOW HOW MUCH YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY SURVIVOR BENEFIT WILL BE OR WHEN YOU SHOULD CLAIM IT?

Widows under full retirement age are susceptible to bad advice from well-meaning people who say they should take their survivor benefit as soon as possible, as early as age 60. But this locks in a lower amount for life. Plus, if the widow is still working, some or all of those benefits may be withheld for the earnings test. Sometimes it pays to wait until full retirement age to start the survivor benefit. Also, widows who also qualify for benefits on their own work record have an advantage in that they can start with one benefit and switch to the other—but it's important to know how to do this. You'll want to take the lower amount first and save the higher benefit for later because that's the amount you'll receive throughout your lifetime.

FOR DIVORCED PEOPLE: WILL YOU KNOW WHEN YOUR EX PASSES AWAY AND WHY IT MATTERS?

If you are divorced after ten years of marriage, you may know that it is possible to claim Social Security based on your ex-spouse's record-but not if your own benefit is higher than 50% of your ex's PIA. However, when your ex dies, you may become entitled to a divorced-spouse survivor benefit equal to 100% of your ex's benefit—and this may be more than yours. This is why it's important for you to keep tabs on your ex-so you will know when he passes away and that you can go ahead and apply for your divorced-spouse survivor benefit. His death will already have been reported to SSA. All you need to provide is your divorce decree showing that you were married at least ten years. At the time you apply you must either be unmarried or, if you are married, the remarriage must have taken place after you turned 60.

Elaine Floyd, CFP[®] is Director of Retirement and Life Planning for Horsesmouth, LLC, where she helps people understand the practical and technical aspects of retirement income planning.

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2025 · AM I ELIGIBLE FOR SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS AS A SPOUSE?







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Building Health Care Costs Into Retirement Planning

By Amy E. Buttell

Health care planning is a sensitive subject that often takes you and your advisor places you don't want to go. But given rising expenses, no retirement plan is complete without some kind of provision for health care needs. Here are some guidelines and resources for estimating your needs and expenses.

Health care costs are rapidly emerging as a major expense item both before and during retirement. With lifetime employment a relic of the past and longevity on the rise, it's more important than ever to estimate how much to save to cover costs in retirement and include those expenses in your financial plan.

Not only are health care costs a huge factor in retirement, but they are also becoming a larger concern for pre-retirees. So the conversation about health care costs should not be confined to the years immediately before and during retirement.

Health concerns and health care costs should be an agenda item at each year's meeting with your financial professional no matter what your age is. There are a number of issues

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surrounding health care and health care costs to be aware of, including the impact of how you take care of health care costs, what issues you potentially face pre-retirement, what you need to do to prepare for health care costs in retirement, and continuing adjustments you might need to make in your spending and planning during retirement.

HEALTH CARE STATUS

There is one aspect of health care and health care costs that is controllable amid many that are not: whether you are in good health or not. For many with poor health, discretionary spending on items such as vacations may have to be diverted into health care in retirement, an outcome that is preventable in most cases.

To determine the state of your current health, visit the <u>MedicareNewsWatch.com</u> website. It defines three states of health—excellent, fair, or poor—very concretely in terms of number of doctors' visits per year, number of hospital admissions, and number of prescriptions.

Table 1: Excellent, Fair, and Poor Health: Needs at Each Level			
Health Status: Excellent Requiring occasional routine care	Health Status: Fair Requiring episodic care for non-chronic conditions	Health Status: Poor Requiring chronic disease care and management	
Low annual utilization	Moderate annual utilization	High annual utilization	
4 Doctor office visits (in network)	12 Doctor office visits (in network)	24 Doctor office visits (in network)	
1 Urgent care visit (out of area)	1 ER & 1 urgent care visits	2 ER & 1 urgent care visits	
0 Inpatient admissions	1 Inpatient admission (5 days)	3 Inpatient admissions (15 days)	
2 Maintenance RX (90-day order)	4 Maintenance RX (90-day order)	8 Maintenance RX (90-day order)	
1 Vision, hearing exam	1 Vision, hearing exam	1 Vision, hearing exam	
1 Dental prevention visit	1 Dental prevention visit	1 Dental prevention visit	

Source: MedicareNewsWatch.com

Based on data from the site and your location, you can determine the impact your health status might have on your expenses in retirement. The table below provides an example for residents of several different cities of the average annual out-of-pocket costs for Medicare Advantage plans based on the lowest-cost health plan in the site's database. These costs include Part D (drug benefit) costs. For many people in their early 50s, this is enough to motivate them to go home and get on the treadmill. Of course, there are circumstances that you have little control over, such as a cancer diagnosis. But even when disease cannot be avoided, becoming aware of the potential health care costs in retirement can make a difference in how you save and execute your financial plan.

Table 2: 2022 Average Annual Out-of-Pocket Costs for Medicare Advantage Plans				
City	Excellent	Fair	Poor	
St. Louis, MO	\$492	\$3,018	\$6,403	
San Francisco, CA	\$695	\$2,635	\$7,103	
Chicago, IL	\$499	\$2,790	\$6,610	
Atlanta, GA	\$648	\$3,464	\$9,320	
Austin, TX	\$527	\$3,067	\$7,932	
Philadelphia, PA	\$559	\$3,172	\$8,317	

Source: MedicareNewsWatch.com

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PREPARING FOR RETIREMENT

While it's good to start thinking about retiree health care in your 40s or 50s, discussions should begin in earnest by age 63. Prior to that, it's difficult to get a handle on the specific costs you are likely to incur.

However, at 63, it's time to sit down and project actual costs. For couples, those costs are doubled—there are no health care discounts for couples. Topics to be reviewed include Medicare, including premiums and co-pays, out-of-pocket costs for items Medicare doesn't cover, and costs for unexpected events, like a major health crisis such as cancer.

Many experts recommend computing health care costs going forward with a higher average rate of inflation than other retirement costs—maybe as much as two to four times the Consumer Price Index.

Your 63rd birthday is also a good time to get serious about digging into which specific Medicare plans you will choose. Consider creating a step-by-step calendar of the dates involved in signing up for the various parts of Medicare.

IN RETIREMENT

The numbers involved in paying for health care costs in retirement are so large that it's easy to shy away from incorporating those numbers into your retirement plan.

Medical expenses can be as much as \$6,500 per person at the start of retirement. Some experts believe that a 65-year-old couple will need as much as \$315,000 for overall medical expenses in retirement, not counting long-term care.

The good news is that this amount is something you can save up front, as well as fund as you go. As you age, your health care costs typically continue to increase beyond even inflation, mostly because you are sicker and likely to require more hospital visits, more medications, and more care in the home or in a nursing home. A large portion of health care costs in retirement occurs in the last few months of life.

Amy E. Buttell has written about retirement planning for 14 years. She's been published in many recognized financial publications.

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2025 · AM I ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICARE PART A & PART B?





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How to Pay for Long-Term Care: 8 Strategies

By Tammy Ward and Ed Friderici

For most, it is difficult to think about the possibility of needing long-term care. But many will need it. Start the discussion and prepare yourself now so you do not face a financial challenge later.

LONG-TERM CARE PLANNING—IF NOT NOW, WHEN?

Two big questions loom as the American population comes of age for long-term care—How do I plan for it? Can I afford it?

When it comes to planning for a safe and secure retirement, long-term care (LTC) can be a confusing and unaddressed challenge to many people's financial security. Some of the hesitancy can be pinned to human nature—we don't like to think about the unpleasant possibility of needing help being fed, bathed or using the bathroom. Some might think it won't happen to them. Others can't think that far down the road.

Some additional hurdles include:

- Underestimating the cost of care
- Knowing the cost and not comprehending how to pay for care

- Mistakenly assuming Medicare and health insurance will cover LTC needs
- Traditional long-term care insurance has had a bad rap, due in part to significant premium hikes on early polices that were initially mispriced and delivered inconsistent benefits
- Some find it problematic to pay a great deal of money for something they may never use

PLANNING CAN HELP

While it might sound simplistic, handling these issues starts with a conversation to get the ball rolling. The act of discussing and planning can help alleviate the emotional, financial and physical stress related to LTC. According to a 2022 study by Genworth, of those who prepared, 78% wished they had taken steps to plan sooner.

In those situations where LTC was needed, 84% of caregivers and 75% of recipients report they would have "done things differently." Without a plan, you may have to make in-the-moment and subpar decisions to help a loved one. Crisis planning can end poorly.

HOW TO PAY FOR LTC*

The good news is that planning and products have evolved. Let's dig into what can be done today to help ease the worry and challenges posed by growing older.

1. Medicare vs. Medicaid

Several strategies are at your disposal to help cover costs associated with LTC.

But not Medicare. Most people believe their LTC needs will be covered by Medicare. Medicare will pay for short stays in skilled nursing facilities that provide rehab or therapy services after a hospital stay. However, Medicare does not cover long-term care.

In contrast, Medicaid covers long-term care costs at home or in a skilled nursing facility. In fact, Medicaid is the primary payer for long-term care services. The biggest issue is that many people who need long-term care never qualify for Medicaid assistance. Here's why:

- Income thresholds. Individuals must have limited income and assets to qualify. If one is above those thresholds, current assets must be "spent down" before utilizing Medicaid.
- Lookback period. There is a lookback period when assessing eligibility. In most cases, a review of financial records, going back five years, will seek to uncover whether assets were sold or given away to meet your state's asset limit.
- **Medicaid pending.** Even if an individual qualifies, there might be a period called "Medicaid pending" where benefits have been denied or the recipient not approved. This can be quite stressful, especially if immediate care is needed. Not all facilities will accept a person who is in pending status.
- **Bed availability.** Additionally, a bed may not be available at a preferred facility.

2. Self-funded long-term care

Perhaps you cannot qualify for traditional long-term care insurance (LTCI) due to existing health issues. In this situation, you will have to use savings or investments to pay for care out of pocket and should set money aside for two to three years of LTC. Planning early is key to success.

The downside to this approach is not knowing how many years of care may be needed. Alzheimer's has an average life expectancy after diagnosis of eight to ten years, according to the Alzheimer's Research and Prevention Foundation. The funds to cover five years in a facility may be available but would deplete all assets in year six with nothing left for heirs.

3. Use pre-tax savings, like an IRA*

Another strategy designates pre-tax savings (IRA) to purchase LTC protection. Retirement assets can be surprisingly substantial and a good source for LTC needs. Some things to think about:

 Tax change alert: The SECURE Act of 2019 instituted an important change to lifetime "stretch" IRA options. Previously, non-spouse beneficiaries were allowed to stretch their required minimum

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- As a solution, the IRA owner could purchase a hybrid life insurance policy with proceeds from the IRA and gain LTC coverage with a death benefit. If long-term care is not needed, the death benefit flows to the estate tax free.
- To avoid the 10% penalty for those under 59½, consider using Rule 72(t) distributions to fund LTC premiums. This rule allows penalty-free withdrawals from IRAs and other tax-advantaged accounts and requires a specific distribution schedule, which will be taxed as ordinary income. There are some restrictions around this approach, but for those who are a year or two away from age 59½, it may be useful.

4. Explore Roth IRAs and backdoor Roth IRAs**

Assets pulled from a traditional IRAs are taxed as ordinary income. Luckily Roth IRAs are funded with after-tax monies, and feature tax-free growth, tax-free withdrawals and no RMDs. Earmarking a Roth for LTC costs or premiums may be a worthwhile strategy.

Higher earners may also benefit by using what is called a backdoor non-deductible Roth IRA. This is an IRS-permitted method allowing one to fund a Roth IRA even if income is higher than IRS limits for standard Roth contributions or conversions.

Funds can be used to pay for LTC costs or pay premiums for coverage. Please note—taxes must be paid on monies converted to a backdoor Roth IRA and it will likely count as income, possibly pushing one into a higher tax bracket.

It is always helpful to speak to a tax professional to assess every individual's unique situation.

5. Mind your health savings accounts***

A health savings account (HSA) is a hidden jewel in your LTC and retirement planning arsenal. The approach is simple, effective and tax-advantaged.

- Contributions to an HSA reduce annual taxable income and grow tax deferred until monies are used to cover eligible health care expenses.
- HSA withdrawals for medical expenses and LTCI are tax-free when they meet certain guidelines.
 Based on age, one can use HSA monies tax-free to pay LTCI premiums (see Figure 1). To make this work, the long-term care policy must only cover long-term care services. Most LTCI policies qualify.

Age before close of taxable year	Max LTCI annual premium that can be paid by an HSA
40 or less	\$480
> 40 to 50	\$900
> 50 to 60	\$1,800
> 60 to 70	\$4,810
> 70	\$6,020

Source: Internal Revenue Service

 After age 65 the money can be used for absolutely anything without penalty (although ordinary income taxes will be due on withdrawals). While there are annual contribution limits, there is no maximum accumulation limit for an HSA. For example, 2025 Annual Contribution Limits are: \$4,300 self only, \$8,550 family contribution limit plus a \$1,000 catchup provision for those 55+.

As the figure below illustrates, contributing to an HSA over time can result in a substantial balance.****



6. Leverage your home: Reverse mortgage

Individuals wishing to cover long-term care costs can leverage perhaps their greatest asset, their home, to pay for LTC expenses or an LTCI policy. The first option to take a look at is the reverse mortgage. For those 62 and older, the lender makes a loan in a lump sum, monthly installments or as a line of credit for the homeowner. The loan is typically paid back with interest when the home is sold. For seniors, there is some comfort in knowing that the Home Equity Conversion Mortgage (HECM) is insured by the U.S. Federal Government. What you need to know:

- The homeowner can never be forced out of their home.
- The loan is not counted as income and does not affect Medicare or Social Security benefits. It may, however, impact Medicaid eligibility.
- There are no restrictions on how the money can be used.
- Loans can fund home care, adult day care or premiums for LTC coverage. One can use the proceeds to make their home safer and accessible, allowing for an indefinite stay in their residence.
- If one passes away, the remaining spouse can still live in the home.
- This option may not be the best solution if both spouses need care and enter a facility. Reverse mortgages are due when the last borrower dies or moves out.
- When the home is sold to repay the mortgage, if the proceeds of the sale are less than the mortgage, the lender must take the loss and cannot go after other assets of the homeowner or homeowner's estate. In most cases, the homeowner cannot pass the property to heirs.

There are some important considerations when using a reverse mortgage for LTC. The lender will want to make sure the homeowner is financially capable of maintaining their home. In some circumstances the lender will require funds set aside to cover these costs.

The borrower can live outside the home (think nursing home) for up to 12 months before the loan is due. This could be an issue if one spouse is in a nursing home and the other dies while still living in the house. The loan is due in one year.

Finally, reverse mortgage closing costs can be as high at 8% of the loan amount—significantly higher than a home equity line of credit. Certainly, some things to digest when weighing one's options.

7. Leverage your home: Home equity line of credit

A home equity line of credit, or HELOC, can be a great alternative to a reverse mortgage and is a quick and easy way to access money for care or insurance. Loans based on equity in one's home may be cheaper than reverse mortgages, which tend to have higher closing costs. Borrowers may be able to access up to 80% of their home's equity. Additionally, HELOCs are extremely flexible as it relates to withdrawals and payback periods. To top it off, interest on the loan can be tax deductible in the year the interest is paid.

Furthermore, there is no requirement for the homeowner to maintain residence while the loan is in place. In this scenario, a HELOC has a clear advantage over a reverse mortgage. And, what if the person needs to sell their home to move into a facility? A HELOC can provide an excellent bridge strategy covering costs and expenses until the home is sold.

A HELOC is not without some downside. If the homeowner is unable to repay the loan, the lender could foreclose on the property. In addition, while rare, a lender could freeze the loan without ample warning.

8. Existing life insurance

There are a few ways an existing life insurance policy can help fund LTC. Individuals may have traditional life insurance policies that could be sold to a life settlement company. Proceeds will depend on the age and health status of the policyholder. Some life insurance policies offer "accelerated benefits" in the form of a cash advance against the death benefit. Some insurance carriers may make an accelerated benefit available even if it is not in the contract. Either way, the upside may outweigh any reduction in death benefit for beneficiaries.

LET'S FINISH WHERE WE STARTED—IF NOT NOW, WHEN?

Thinking about long-term care can be difficult but as they say, "necessity is the mother of invention." Challenges along the way have led to innovations in recent years and there's reason to feel hopeful about one's ability to address the long-term care conundrum.

Start small. An initial conversation to get the ball rolling can go a long way. Next, integrate the discussion with the financial planning process, just as one would tackle saving for retirement or income in retirement. The risks and costs of long-term care are among the most important considerations—fortunately, there are an array of solid tactics and solutions available. Given the enormous potential impact on assets, we can all benefit from the dialogue.

Please be sure to discuss unique tax situations with a CPA or qualified tax professional.

*Always consult a tax professional before taking action. Withdrawals made prior to 59½ may be subject to an early withdrawal penalty.

A distribution from a Roth IRA is tax free and penalty free, provided the five-year aging requirement has been satisfied and one of the following conditions is met: age 59½, disability, qualified first-time home purchase, or death. *You can recieve tax-free distributions from your HSA to pay or be reimbursed for qualified medical expenses you incur after you establish the HSA. You may be able to claim a tax deduction for contributions you, or someone other than your employer, make to your HSA. Certain limits may apply to employees who are considered highly compensated key employees.

**** This hypothetical chart shows the growth of \$500 invested monthly at a 3% annual rate of return. The values are for illustration only and do not reflect any past or future product performance.

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Checklist: Is It Time for Assisted Living?

By Jennifer Reimer

How do you know when loved ones are ready for assisted living? Use these guidelines to help spot the warning signs of aging and illness.

Rosalyn Carter once said: "There are only four kinds of people in the world—those who have been caregivers, those who are currently caregivers, those who will be caregivers, and those who will need caregivers." In light of the longer lives we now enjoy, it's very probable that many of us, at one time or another, will have to provide support for an aging parent or relative.

Families are often slow to recognize that a beloved family member needs help with their everyday activities. Nor are they prepared for the financial burdens involved. But both the emotional and financial costs of caring for the elderly can be even greater if the signs of illness are caught later, rather than sooner.

WHO'S AT RISK?

The National Center of Health Statistics' most recent study on long-term care providers found that about 70% of aging adults needed long-term care and assisted-living services in 2022. That percentage is expected to rise by 2030. Another study, by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, indicates that 65-year-olds face at least a 40% risk of entering a nursing home. According to the annual Genworth Cost of Care survey, the average annual cost of a semiprivate room in a U.S. nursing home was \$107,146 per year in 2025. The American Council of Life Insurers estimates that the annual cost of nursing home care will rise to as much as \$200,000 in less than 30 years.

Anticipating the need for assisted living helps your clients defray costs. Answering the following questions will indicate whether a loved one has retained the ability to live independently or whether intervention is necessary.

INDEPENDENT LIVING TEST

Medications:

- ☐ Are prescriptions not being refilled, resulting in failure to take medication when scheduled?
- Has taking medication become difficult due to poor memory or confusion? Evidence may include: pills taken together that shouldn't be, different pills mixed together in a pill box, or an over- or undersupply of pills.
- Have conditions previously under control become acute because medication is not being taken correctly?

Food and groceries:

- Based on past food habits, are the cupboards frequently empty or being filled with unusual foods?
- □ Is the food in the refrigerator often spoiled or kept long beyond the "use by" date?

Daily business:

- □ Is the mail being picked up and opened regularly, or is it remaining uncollected and/or unopened?
- ☐ Are credit cards or checkbooks being misused or not balanced as well as in the past?

Social contact:

- Has the amount of social contact changed dramatically, so that there are few public outings or limited social visits with close friends?
- ☐ Has the ability to drive deteriorated? Is there a fear of driving or a recent history of multiple minor accidents that is leading to isolation?

Living habits:

- Has there been a change in living habits, manifested in dress or appearance, or a decline in personal hygiene not related to physical disability?
- □ Is dress appropriate for the weather?
- ☐ Have housekeeping habits changed so that a normally neat and orderly home is now cluttered and not cleaned regularly?
- Are pets that were normally well cared for suddenly not being fed or cared for as they had been in the past?

Solicitations:

□ Is there a sudden increase in ordering unnecessary items through mail or televised advertisements?

Calls to family members or health care providers:

- ☐ Has there been an increase in panicked calls to family or medical providers without apparent need?
- ☐ Have unnecessary calls been made to 911?

THINK AHEAD

While it may be difficult to think of a parent or family member as needing assistance, it may be a greater disservice not to get them the care they need as early as possible.

There are a number of resources available for those who are caring for an aging relative. Here are just a few:

- Aging Parents and Elder Care <u>http://</u> www.insure.com/health-insurance
- American Association for Home Care
 <u>www.aahomecare.org</u>

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- American Society on Aging <u>www.asaging.org</u>
- Adult Children of Aging Parents
 <u>www.acapcommunity.org</u>
- National Alliance for Caregiving
 http://www.caregiveraction.org/

National Family Caregivers Association
 www.nfcacares.org

Jennifer Reimer writes on financial planning and caregiving.

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